<b>Academic Council</b>	

Item No. \_\_\_\_\_

# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



Syllabus
For
Program:
B. Sc.
Nautical Science (NS)
Syllabus for Sem I & II
CHOICE BASED CREDIT AND GRADING
SYSTEM (CBCS)

With effect from the academic year 2017-18

AC	
Item No	

# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**

# **Syllabus for Approval**

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1.	Title of the Program	B.Sc. (Nauical Science)
2.	Eligibility for Admission	<ul> <li>Indian National</li> <li>HSC or equivalent Certificate</li> <li>Mark Sheet showing minimum 60% marks in PCM subjects in HSC (10+2).(Original with 2 photocopies)</li> <li>Original School/College Leaving Certificate with 2 photocopies.</li> <li>Minimum 50% Marks in English language in SSC or HSC</li> <li>Age not more than 25 yrs for HSC students on the date of commencement of course.</li> <li>Medical Fitness Certificate from a Doctor approved by Director General, Shipping (original with 1 photocopy)</li> <li>Eye Sight Test Certificate -6x6 both eyes and no colour blindness from any DG approved doctor (original with 1 photocopy)</li> </ul>
3.	Passing Marks	12 <sup>th</sup> standard passed.
4.	Ordinances / Regulations (if any)	Time to time issued by university.
5.	No. of Years / Semesters	3 Years / 6 Semesters.
6.	Level	U.G.
7.	Pattern	Semester
8.	Status	Revised
9.	To be implemented from Academic Year	From Academic Year 2017-18 (w.e.f. Academic Year 2017-18 onwards.)

Date:	Signature:

Name BOS Chairperson / Dean: Capt.(Dr.) Ashutosh V. Apandkar

### **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**

### **Syllabus for Approval**

- **1. Title of the Program:-** Syllabus Three Years B.Sc. Course In Nautical Science **Program Code:** B.Sc. (Nautical Science)
- 2. Preamble / Scope:-

#### **PREAMBLE**

This course is an integral part of the overall planned and shipboard structured training programme for the prospective navigating officer. The course is residential in nature and of Three-year duration comprising of six semesters of six months each.

The prospective navigating officer will be trained for one year onboard ship in practical application of the theory learnt. Thereafter at the end of this structured programme, a "contact programme" for four months may be conducted at the Institute to prepare the Cadets for an oral examination conducted by the Director General of Shipping, Ministry of Surface Transport, Government of India. On successful conclusion of the Programme a Cadet will be awarded a degree of BSc (Nautical Science) by University of Mumbai and a Certificate of Competency by Govt. of India, which will enable him to become an officer on a merchant ship.

A Pre-Sea Navigating Officer Cadet successfully completing the three year programme would acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the types of merchant ships, ship operations, types of goods carried by ships, shipping trade, and a foundation in the basic principles of navigation and environmental science.

The course is designed to impart:

- ~ Theory and practice of seamanship and ship knowledge.
- ~ Good foundation in principles of navigation and introduction to Astronomical Navigation.
- ~ Practical knowledge of chart work and cargo work.
- ~ Detailed study of atmosphere and use of meteorological instruments in connection with weather reporting.
- ~ Knowledge of ship construction and ship stability.
- ~ Regular practice in Morse code signalling, in addition to International Code of Signals and use of VHF and R/T.
- ~ Practical training in handling a lifeboat and motorboat.
- ~ One Project related to shipping industry to be under taken.
- ~ Study of environmental protection with reference to MARPOL 73/78.
- ~ Study of various IMO courses.
- ~ Study of basic Marine Engineering and drawing.

Practical Training in carpentry shop, plumbing shop, machine shop, electrical shop and maintenance workshop including Electric Arc welding and Gas welding, Hydraulics, Pneumatics and Diesel Engine maintenance.

# **Objective**

This course is designed to assist a prospective navigating officer in achieving the minimum standards of competence for officers in charge of navigational watch on ships of 500 gross tonnes or more as specified in Regulation II/1, Table A-1 of STCW Code 2010.

The course is residential in nature and its duration is 36 weeks. This course is aimed at preparing the Cadet to develop a right attitude towards tasks and duties assigned to him during the on-board training programme in learning the job of being a ship's officer and in achieving the overall standard of competence required.

#### **Salient features**

- As under the preview of D.G Shipping, it's a fully residential course
- Students' daily routine starts from 6:00 o'clock in the morning till 8:30 in the evening, as per the requirement on board ships
- Morning exercise, parade, evening sports and 2 hours of self study classes 6 days a week is the part of daily routine.
- Trekking, dock visits, ship visits is a part of curriculum apart from other extracurricular and sports activities

#### Note:

The conduct of STCW 2010 courses is strictly conducted as per the guidelines of D.G Shipping; who in turn being directed by International Maritime Organization, these guidelines may be modified/ changed time to time and instructed by D.G Shipping through its training circulars or as the case may be. **Syllabus Committee Members** 

1)	Capt. (Dr.) Ashutosh Apandkar	Convener
2)	Capt. Vinod Suryavanshi	Co - convener
3)	Capt. Mahadeo Makane	Member (Teacher)
4)	Capt. Laxman Dubey	Member (Teacher)
5)	Capt. Sandeep G. Bhatnagar	Member (Teacher)
6)	Capt. A.P. Singh	Member (Teacher)

# **Objective**

This course is designed to assist a prospective navigating officer in achieving the minimum standards of competence for officers in charge of navigational watch on ships of 500 gross tonnes or more as specified in Regulation II/1, Table A-1 of STCW Code 2010. The course is residential in nature and its duration is 36 weeks.

This course is aimed at preparing the Cadet to develop a right attitude towards tasks and duties assigned to him during the on-board training programme in learning the job of being a ship's officer and in achieving the overall standard of competence required.

## 3. Eligibility:-

- Indian National
- HSC or equivalent Certificate
- Mark Sheet showing minimum 60% marks in PCM subjects in HSC (10+2).(Original with 2 photocopies)
- Original School/College Leaving Certificate with 2 photocopies.
- Minimum 50% Marks in English language in SSC or HSC
- Age not more than 25 yrs for HSC students on the date of commencement of course.
- Medical Fitness Certificate from a Doctor approved by Director General, Shipping (original with 1 photocopy)
- Eye Sight Test Certificate -6x6 both eyes and no colour blindness from any DG approved doctor (original with 1 photocopy)

# **B.Sc. in Nautical Science**

Theory/Practical : 16 Weeks (15 weeks for lectures/practical & one week for semester end examination )  $\,$ 

Semester –I

B.Sc in Nautical Science Theory / Practical:

Course Code	Title of the Course	Per W	eek	Per Semester		Marks		Credits		Total
Coue		L	P	L	P	TH	PR	L	P	
Core Course										
	Navigation –I	3	1	45	15	100	50			
USNSc102	Voyage Planning & Collision Prevention—I	2	2	30	30	100	50	3	2	5
USNSc103	Ship Operation Technology-I	3	1	45	15	100	50	3	2	5
USINSCIUS	Cargo Work	3	1	45	15	100	50	3	2	
	Naval Architecture-I	3		45		100				
	AECC – Ability	Enhanc	emen	t Con	pulso	ory Co	urse			,
USNSc101	Applied Mathematics-I	6		90		100		3	1	4
USINSCIUI	Nautical Physics & Electronics-I	4	2	60	30	100	50	3	1	4
	SEC - S	Skill En	hance	ement	Cour	se				
USNSc101	English & Communication Skills	3	1	45	15	100	50	1	1	2
	DSE – E	lective:	Disci	ipline	Speci	fic				
USNSc104	4 Environmental Science-I		1	45	15	100	50	2	2	4
USNSc104 Marine Engineering & Control System I		3	1	45	15	100	50	2	2	4
	Total	33	10	495	150	1000	400	12	8	20

# **Semester II**

Course Code	Title of the Course	Per W	eek	Po Semo		M	arks	ks Credits		Total
Code		L	P	L	P	TH	PR	L	P	
	Core Course									
	Navigation –I	3	1	45	15	100	50			
USNSc202	Voyage Planning & Collision Prevention—I	2	2	30	30	100	50	3	2	5
USNSc203	Ship Operation Technology-I	3	1	45	15	100	50	3	2	5
USINSC205	Cargo Work	3	1	45	15	100	50	3		
	Naval Architecture-I	3		45		100				
	AECC – Ability	Enhanc	emen	t Con	pulso	ory Co	urse			
USNSc201	Applied Mathematics-I	6		90		100		3	1	4
USINSC201	Nautical Physics & Electronics-I	4	2	60	30	100	50	3	1	4
	SEC -S	Skill En	hance	ement	Cour	se				
USNSc201	English & Communication Skills	3	1	45	15	100	50	1	1	2
	DSE – E	lective:	Disci	pline	Speci	fic				
USNSc204	Environmental Science-I	3	1	45	15	100	50	2	2	4
USINSC2U4	Marine Engineering & Control System I	3	1	45	15	100	50			4
	Total	33	10	495	150	1000	400	12	8	20

# **ENGLISH & COMMUNICATION SKILLS /PHYSICS /MATHS**

**Contact Hours 195** 

Name of the Programme	Duration	Semester	Course/ Course Code
B.Sc in Nautical Science	Six Semesters	I	English / Physics/Maths [USNSC 101]
Course Code	Title	Credits	
USNSC 101	English/Physics/Maths	4+2	

For Course per week 1 lecture/period is 60 minutes duration				For subject per week 1 lecture/period is 60 minutes duration			
1 lectu	re/period is 6	oo minutes c	luration	1 lecture	e/period is	60 minutes o	duration
	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	English	Maths	Physics	
Actual contacts	13	3		3	6	4	
Credits	4	2		1		2	

# NAVIGATION –I VOYAGE PLANNING & COLLISION PREVENTION - I Contact Hours 62

Name of the Programme	Duration	Semester	Course/ Course Code
B.Sc in Nautical Science	Six Semesters	I	Navigation-1 Voyage Planning & Collision Prevention [USNSC 102]
Course Code	Title	Credits	
USNSC 102	Navigation-1 Voyage Planning & Collision Prevention	3+2	

	For Course	e per week		For subject per week		
1 lectu	re/period is 6	60 minutes d	uration	1 lecture/period is 60 minutes duration		
	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Navigation-I	Voyage Planning & Collision Prevention	
Actual contacts	5	3	-1	3	2	
Credits	3	2		1	2	

# SHIP OPERATION TECHNOLOGY PAPER- I CARGO WORK & MARINE COMMUNUCATION

# NAVAL ARCHITECTURE-I

# **Contact Hours 135**

Name of the Programme	Duration	Semester	Course/ Course Code
B.Sc in Nautical Science	Six Semesters	I	Ship Operation Technology Paper-I Cargo Work & Communication Naval Architecture [USNSC 103]
Course Code	Title	Credits	
USNSC 103	Ship Operation Technology Paper- I Cargo Work & Communication Naval Architecture	3+2	

	For Course	e per week		For subject per week			
1 lectur	re/period is 6	0 minutes d	uration	1 lecture/period is 60 minutes duration			ion
	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	SOT Paper- I	Cargo Work & Comm.	Naval Architecture Paper- I	
Actual contacts	09	2		3	3	3	
Credits	3	2		1	1	-	

# **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE-I**

# MARINE ENGINEERING & CONTROL SYSTEMS-I

# **Contact Hours 90**

Name of the Programme	Duration	Semester	Course/ Course Code
B.Sc in Nautical Science	Six Semesters	I	Environment Science – I Marine Engineering & Control System- I [USNSC 104]
Course Code	Title	Credits	
USNSC 104	Environment Science – I Marine Engineering & Control System- I	2+2	

For Course per week			For subject per week			
1 lecture/period is 60 minutes duration			ation	1 lecture/period is 60 minutes duration		
	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	1 Environment Science – I & Control System-I		
Actual Contacts	06	02		3	3	
Credits	02	02		1	1	

# **Objective:-**

This subject exposes the students to English & Communication skills, Applied Mathematics & Nautical Physics

**Contents of syllabus for USNSC 101** 

### **ENGLISH**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – I	15	-
I	1) Comprehension	Hours	
	a) Seen and unseen comprehension.		
	b) SMCP phrases and maritime English.		
	c) Grammar - Sentence structures, tenses, direct and indirect		
	speech, active and passive voice.		
	d) Importance of effective communication.		
UNIT	2) Written Communication	25	
II	a) Formal and ordinary letters, formal invitations, letters to friends and relatives.	Hours	
	b) Official and semi-official letters. Application for appointment.		
	Commercial letters. Letter to influence public opinion.		
	c) General procedures - Safety signals, standard organizational		
	phrases, ambiguous words		
	d) Essay writing.		
	e) Phonology - Pronunciation, syllable stress, consonant and vowel		
	sounds.		
UNIT	3) Skills of oral communication	5	
III	a) Presentation skills – Group activities	Hours	
	b) Asking for and giving personal data		
	c) Expressing personal likes and dislikes, preferences		
	d) describe crew roles and routines		
	e) Sea speak		
	PRACTICAL		15
	All items under skills of oral communication, i.e. item 3 under course		Hours
	content.		
İ			

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

# NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 40 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India.

### **Reference Books:-**

Communication skills (Book 1)

Communication skills workbook

Spoken English for India

S.R. Inthira & V. Saraswati

R.K. Bansal & B. Harrison

### BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE

English language Books 1 and 2 L.A. Hill, C.J. Daswani & C.T. Daswani

(Oxford University Press 1975)

Written Communication Freeman and Sarah

Note marking and composition exercises 1979 ELT Cell, Bombay University

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

Business correspondence and writing report Academic skills Academic skills workbook Supplimentry reader Sea speak manual R.C. Sharma and Krishnamohan CIEFL, Hyderabad CIEFL, Hyderabad CIEFL, Hyderabad International Maritime Organisation.

# **APPLIED MATHS**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – I	30	
I	1. Complex Variables & Vector Algebra and Calculus Definition, Cartesian, Polar & exponential form. De-	Hours	
	Moivre's Theorem. Power & Roots of Exponential and Trigonometric Functions. Hyperbolic & Logarithmic Functions. Inverse Hyperbolic & Inverse Trigonometric Functions. Separation into real and imaginary parts of all functions.		
	Scalar and Vector Triple Products. Differentiation of a vector function of a single scalar variable Derivative of a unit vector, application to curves in space, principal triad, Sennet-Frenet form.		
UNIT	2. Vector Analysis & Nth Derivative	20	
II	Line integral, Green's theorem for the plane, properties of line integrals, line integrals in space and their properties, application to work and to the flow of liquid, scalar and vector fields, conservative fields, potentials, gradient, divergence and curl, Divergence theorem, Stoke's theorem expressions for gradient, divergence and cut in orthogonal curvilinear co-ordinates, Gauss theorem, equation of heat flow, equations of hydrodynamic.	Hours	
	Successive differentiation. Standard form to find the nth derivative. Leibnitz's theorem, Rolle's theorem (with proof), Lagrange's and Cauchy's mean value theorem (with proof), Taylor's theorem, Taylor's and Maclaurin's series (without proof).		
UNIT	3. Differential Calculus & Differential equations	40 hours	
III	Indeterminate forms. L'Hospital's rule, Expansion of function in power series (all types), Partial derivatives of		
	first and higher orders. Total differential, Concept of commutativity of partial derivatives (without proof). Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions. Deduction from Euler theorems. Errors & approximations. Maxima & Minima the functions of two variables.		
	a) Exact differential equations and those which can be made exact by use integrating factors by inspection. (i) Linear Equations and reducible to linear (Bernoulli) equations, (ii) Method of substitution to reduce the equations to one of the above forms.		
	b) Linear Differential Equations of the nth order with constant coefficients. Complimentary function and Particular integral		
	when the function of the independent variable R.H.S. is $e^{ax}$ , $x^n$ , $e^{ax}V(x)$ , Sin (ax+b), Cos (ax+b). Cauchy's Linear equation (homogeneous). Legendre's Linear equation Variation of parameters and method of indeterminate coefficients.		
	c) Elementary applications of above differential equations in solving engineering problems such as Electrical Engg., Mech. Engg.		

\*There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

# NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 40 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India

#### Reference Books:-

### BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE:

1. Elements of applied mathematics Vol. I Wartikar, P.N. & Wartikar, J.N. 2. Text book of applied mathematics Vol. II Wartikar, P.N. & Wartikar, J.N. 3. Vector Algebra Shanti Narayan 4. Vector Calculus Shanti Narayan Shanti Narayan 5. Differential Calculus 6. Engineering Mathematics Bali, Saxen, Iyengar 7. Plane Trigonometry (Part II) Loney, S.L. 8. Higher Engineering Mathematics Grewal, B. S. 9. Differential Equations Raisinghania 10. Engineering Mathematics Bhatia, M. L.

11. Engineering Mathematics
12. Vector Methods and Vector Calculus
13. Differential equations
Murray P.A

# NAUTICAL PHYSICS

ICAL PHYSICS	Theory	Dunation
CEMECTED I	1 neory	Practical
1. MECHANICS: Review of Newton's Law of motion. Circular motion, Centripetal and Centrifugal forces. Law of Gravitation, Work, Power and Energy, Potential and Kinetic Energy. Conservation of Energy, Conservation of linear momentum, Impulse, collision – direct and oblique impact. Centre of Mass and Centre of Gravity, Rotational Motion, Torque, Angular Momentum, conservation of angular momentum. Hydrostatics:- Archimedes Principle, upthrust, Buoyancy, Pressure at a depth. Atmospheric Pressure, Barometer. Hydrodynamics: - Streamlines, Turbulence, Pascal Law. Bernoulli's equation: - Stability and Spin, Aerofoil, lift, Rotating cylinder ship. Surface Tension: - Capillarity, Angle of contact, Excess Pressure inside a bubble, Air bubbles in an oil tank. Oscillation: - S.H.M and its features, Typical examples – A helical spring, a pendulum. Damped & undamped oscillations, Forced oscillations (vibrations), Resonance.	20 Hours	
2. SOUND & LIGHTS  Velocity of sound, Effect of pressure, temperature and humidity on velocity of sound, Pitch, Quality & Loudness, The Decibel. Doppler Effect.  Refraction of sound waves, Effect of wind & Temperature. Propagation of light, Shadows, Eclipses, Reflection of light at plane and curved surfaces, Rotation of a plane mirror, Refraction. Total internal reflection. Mirages. Optical fibre, the azimuth mirror, Periscope. Lenses, Image formation Telescope, Prism Binocular.  HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS: - Transfer of Heat: Conduction, Convection and Radiation. Expansion of solids, liquids and gases and their effect on liquid cargoes. Equation of state for gases, isothermal and adiabatic processes. First law of Thermodynamics, Second law of Thermodynamics – Carnot cycle. The Heat engine and refrigerator.	25 Hours 15 Hours	
	SEMESTER – I  1. MECHANICS: Review of Newton's Law of motion. Circular motion, Centripetal and Centrifugal forces. Law of Gravitation, Work, Power and Energy, Potential and Kinetic Energy. Conservation of Energy, Conservation of linear momentum, Impulse, collision – direct and oblique impact. Centre of Mass and Centre of Gravity, Rotational Motion, Torque, Angular Momentum, conservation of angular momentum. Hydrostatics:- Archimedes Principle, upthrust, Buoyancy, Pressure at a depth. Atmospheric Pressure, Barometer. Hydrodynamics: – Streamlines, Turbulence, Pascal Law. Bernoulli's equation: - Stability and Spin, Aerofoil, lift, Rotating cylinder ship. Surface Tension: - Capillarity, Angle of contact, Excess Pressure inside a bubble, Air bubbles in an oil tank. Oscillation: - S.H.M and its features, Typical examples – A helical spring, a pendulum. Damped & undamped oscillations, Forced oscillations (vibrations), Resonance.  2. SOUND & LIGHTS Velocity of sound, Effect of pressure, temperature and humidity on velocity of sound, Pitch, Quality & Loudness, The Decibel. Doppler Effect. Refraction of sound waves, Effect of wind & Temperature. Propagation of light, Shadows, Eclipses, Reflection of light at plane and curved surfaces, Rotation of a plane mirror, Refraction. Total internal reflection. Mirages. Optical fibre, the azimuth mirror, Periscope. Lenses, Image formation Telescope, Prism Binocular.  HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS: - Transfer of Heat: Conduction, Convection and Radiation. Expansion of solids, liquids and gases and their effect on liquid cargoes. Equation of state for gases, isothermal and adiabatic processes. First law of Thermodynamics, Second law of Thermodynamics – Carnot cycle. The Heat engine and	SEMESTER – I  1. MECHANICS: Review of Newton's Law of motion. Circular motion, Centripetal and Centrifugal forces. Law of Gravitation, Work, Power and Energy, Potential and Kinetic Energy. Conservation of Energy, Conservation of linear momentum, Impulse, collision – direct and oblique impact. Centre of Mass and Centre of Gravity, Rotational Motion, Torque, Angular Momentum, conservation of angular momentum. Hydrostatics:- Archimedes Principle, upthrust, Buoyancy, Pressure at a depth. Almospheric Pressure, Barometer. Hydrodynamics: – Streamlines, Turbulence, Pascal Law. Bernoulli's equation: - Stability and Spin, Aerofoil, lift, Rotating cylinder ship. Surface Tension: - Capillarity, Angle of contact, Excess Pressure inside a bubble, Air bubbles in an oil tank. Oscillation: - S.H.M and its features, Typical examples – A helical spring, a pendulum. Damped & undamped oscillations, Forced oscillations (vibrations), Resonance.  2. SOUND & LIGHTS Velocity of sound, Effect of pressure, temperature and humidity on velocity of sound, Pitch, Quality & Loudness, The Decibel. Doppler Effect. Refraction of sound waves, Effect of wind & Temperature. Propagation of light, Shadows, Eclipses, Reflection of light at plane and curved surfaces, Rotation of a plane mirror, Refraction. Total internal reflection. Mirages. Optical fibre, the azimuth mirror, Periscope. Lenses, Image formation Telescope, Prism Binocular.  HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS: - Transfer of Heat: Conduction, Convection and Radiation. Expansion of solids, liquids and gases and their effect on liquid cargoes. Equation of state for gases, isothermal and adiabatic processes. First law of Thermodynamics, Second law of Thermodynamics, Carnot cycle. The Heat engine and

# EXPERIMENTS

- 1) Demonstration of block and tackle arrangements.
- 2) Demonstration of a Weston Differential pulley.
- 3) A single cantilever (loaded at one end). Determinations of Y.
- 4) Surface tension of liquid by capillary rise method.
- 5) Moment of Inertia of Flywheel and Frictional Torque.
- 6) Velocity of sound in air (Using a CRO).
- 7) Use of CRO to study the characteristics of an audio oscillator (Frequency, Period, Amplitude).

30 Hours

- 8) Study of Laser: Interference and diffraction due to a single and double slit.
- 9) Stefan's Law of radiation using a filament lamp.
- 10) Thermistor as a Thermometer.

**NOTE:** A minimum of 8 experiments are expected to be performed

\*There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

\*Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 40 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India.

### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE:-**

Applied Physics J.H. Clough – Smith
 Fundamental of Physics M. Nelkon
 Brown, Sons & Ferguson Ltd
 Hart–Davis Educational
 McGraw–Hill International Edn

# ADDITIONAL REFERENCES

 Physics – Classical & Modern
 University Physics
 Sound
 Heat & Thermodynamics
 Gettys, Keller, Skove McGraw–Hill International Edn Young, Sears & Zemansky Narosa Publishing Khanna & Bedi
 Brijlal & Subramaniam Ratan Prakashan Mandir

Heat & Thermodynamics Zemansky

# **Objectives:-**

The subject will develop basics of Principles of Navigation / Practical Navigation and Voyage Planning & Collision Prevention .

# Contents of syllabus for USNSC 102

## **NAVIGATION**

UNIT	SEMESTER – I		-
Ι	a) The shape of the earth, Poles, Equator, Great circles, Small	15	
	circles, Prarllels of latitude, Latitude, D'Lat, Meridian, Prime	15	
	meridian, Longitude, D'long, Position by latitude & longitude.	Hours	
	b) Measurement of distance: Nautical, Geographical and Statute mile. Knot. Effect of polar compression on nautical mile.		
UNIT	a) Compass Points: True and Magnetic north.Magnetic variation		-
II	and changes in its annual value. Isogonals. Deviation of	10	
	magnetic compass, compass error. Course & Bearing.	18	
	Conversion of compass course to true course and vice versa.	Hours	
	b) Departure. Relationship between Departure and D'long. Parallel sailing.		
UNIT	a) Rhumb Line: Mean latitude. Plane sailing. Relationship		_
III	between departure, d'lat, course & distance. Middle Latitude.	10	
	b) Principles of Mercator projection: Mercator chart, Natural	12	
	Scale, Meridional parts; DMP. Latitude and longitude scales	Hours	
	and conversion of one to the other;		
	PRACTICAL NAVIGATION		
	1) Practical problems on prarllel sailing using formulae.		
	2) Practicals problems on plane sailing using formulae.		
	3) Practicals problems on Mercator sailing using formulae.		
	4) The Use of Traverse Tables to obtain the position of the ship at		15
	any time, given compass course, variation, deviation, and the run recorded by the log or estimated speed or engine speed		Hours
	allowing for the effects of wind and current, if any. Day's work.		110415
	5) To find initial course, final course and distance between two		
	positions on the earth's surface by Great Circle Sailing.		
	6) To calculate the position of the vertex and intermediate points		
	on the Great Circle track.		

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 70 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India.

#### Reference Books:-

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE:-

1. Practical Navigation Capt. H. Subramaniam 2. Principles of Navigation Capt. P.M. Sarma

3. Principles of Navigation Capt. T.K Joseph and Capt. S.S.S. Rewari

4. Admiralty Manual of Navigation Vol. I & II HMSO5. Navigation A. Frost

6. Nicholl's Concise Guide Volumes I & II Brown Son & Ferguson Ltd.

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# **VOYAGE PLANNING & COLLISION PREVENTION**

	GET LANGING & COLLISION TREVENTION		
UNIT	SEMESTER – I  The nautical chart. Natural Scale, types of projections, Title of Chart, Number of Chart, Date of Publication. Deciphering the symbols and abbreviations used on a nautical chart. Units of Soundings used. How to read latitude and longitude. The use of parallel rulers to lay down or read courses and bearings. The compass Rose. The distance scale. Use of dividers to measure distances. Reason for using the nearest latitude scale for measuring distance.  COLLISION PREVENTION  International Regulations for preventing collisions at sea. Application. Exceptions for local rules or harbours etc. Exception for special class of ships. Responsibility for the consequence of neglect of rules. Definitions of term 'Vessel'. 'Power driven vessel', 'sailing vessel', 'fishing vessel', 'seaplanes', 'Underway', 'restricted visibility'. Steering and sailing rules:	10 Hours	5 Hours
UNIT	Correction from Notices to Mariners. To find the date the chart was last brought up to date. Small and large Corrections. Degree of reliability of information shown on the chart.  COLLISION PREVENTION  Conduct of vessel in any condition of visibility, Maintenance of proper looks out. Maintenance of safe speed. Factors to be considered for determining safe speed. Determination of risk of collision with another vessel. use of radar in determining risk of collision. Use of visual bearings. Types of actions to be taken to avoid collision or close quarter situation	10 Hours	5 Hours
UNIT	Types of chart – Ocean charts, coastal charts, harbour plans, Decca charts, Consol charts, Loran charts, Routing charts. The use of the Admiralty Catalogue to identify the charts required for voyage.  COLLISION PREVENTION  Conduct of vessels in narrow channels and when approaching blind bends. Conduct of vessel in traffic separation schemes of International Maritime Organisation.	10 Hours	5 Hours

PR	RACTICALS	
1.	a) To find compass error by transit bearings	
	b) To find the position of a point on the chart by its latitude and longitude	
2.	a) To find the position of a point on the chart by its bearing and distance from a navigational marks	
	b) To plot ship's position given the compass bearings of two or more shore objects. The 'Cocked' hat' and the reasons for its formation	15 Hours
3.	<ul> <li>To plot ship's position given the rising or dipping bearing of a light. Caution during abnormal refraction.</li> <li>b) To plot ship's position using three shore objects by horizontal sextant angles (given Horizontal sextant angle less than 90, equal to 90, or greater than 90).</li> <li>c) To plot ship's position, given vertical sextant angles and bearing of a light house.</li> </ul>	

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 70 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India Reference Books:-

# BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE:-

1. Chartwork	Capt. S.S. Chaudhari
2. Chartwork for Mariners	Capt. Puri, S.K.
3. Voyage Planning & Chartwork	Capt. M.V.Naik & Capt. Varty
4. Nicholls Concise Guide Volume I	Brown Son & Ferguson
5. Marine Chartwork	Moore, D.A.
6. Rules for the Prevention of Collision at Sea	<b>Bhandarkar Publications</b>
7. Rule of the Road Manual	Capt. Puri, S.K
8 International Lights shapes and Sound Signals	Moore D A

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# **Objective:-**

This subject exposes the students to Ship Operation Technology Paper- I , Cargo Work & Communication

& Naval Architecture

# Contents of syllabus for USNSC103

# SHIP OPERATION TECHNOLOGY PAPER- I

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – I  1. GENERAL  Names of various parts of ship. Names and timings of watches. Types of Names of various parts of ship. Names and timings of watches. Types of merchant navy vessels.  Sea terms. Look-out. Compass points. Safety wearing apparel – Safety goggles, helmet, safety shoes. Removing rust by chipping hammers.  Preparing a surface for painting. Paint brushes. Painting defects and their prevention. Cleaning of wooden decks. Cleaning and polishing of brass and copper.	15 Hours	-
UNIT	1. LIFE SAVING APPLIANCES Classification of ships for Life Saving Appliances. LSA requirements for cargo ships. Life Boat: - Description of Lifeboat. Construction and parts of lifeboat. Buoyancy tanks. means of propulsion. Different classes of lifeboats used. Motor lifeboats, totally enclosed lifeboats, partially enclosed life boats. Determining the carrying capacity of a lifeboat. Equipment, ration and distress signals. types of boat davits and their method of operation.	15 Hours	
UNIT	Liferaft: - inflatable and rigid. Construction and parts of life raft. Life raft equipment, ration and distress signals. repairing leaks and punctures. Getting into a liferaft. Inflatable chute.  Life Buoy: - Description of a lifebuoy. Correct procedure for use of a lifebuoy.  Life jacket: - description of a life jacket. Buoyant material used. The correct method of putting on a life jacket and jumping into water.  Line throwing appliances: - description and use of line throwing appliance.  Safety, care and maintenance of life saving appliances	15 Hours	

1) To make and understand the use of various bends and hitches. Mousing hooks and shackles. Breaking flags.  To apply ropes and chain stoppers. To make various types of whippings.  To perform various splices on natural and synthetic fibre rope.  To perform various splices on wire ropes. Worming, parcelling and serving of hawsers. Throwing a heaving line.  2) Heaving the lead and calling out soundings. Slinging a stage. Precautions when using stages. Oiling wire ropes in situ by use of Bosun's chair. Safety precautions.  Canvass sewing. Changing the canvass covering of a lifebuoy.  Seizing: flat, round, racking. Parbuckling. Helm orders. steering practice.  Changing boat falls. Streaming and hauling in a patent log.  3) Operating windlass and winches. Changing over from main steering to emergency steering system.  Taking soundings of tanks and bilges. Measuring ullages.  Taking freeboard and winches.  Removing rust by chipping hammers. preparing a surface for painting. brush painting, spray painting.  Cleaning of wooden decks – deck washing compounds
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There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

# NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 60 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India

## **Reference Books:-**

1.	Life Boat and Life Raft	Capt. Puri S.K
2.	Survival at sea	Wright C.H
3.	Theory and Practice of seamanship	Danton G.
4.	Seamanship Notes	Kemp & Young
5.	Nicholls Seamanship	Brown Son & Ferguson Ltd
6.	Life Saving Appliances Rules	Govt. of India
7.	Fire Fighting Appliances Rules	Govt. of India

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# **CARGO WORK & COMMUNICATION**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – I CARGO GEAR Blocks: Parts of a block, different types of block, non-toppling and snatch blocks. External building. Internal binding. Strapped. Markings on a block. Size of a block and sheave, size of rope to be used in a block. Relationship between diameter of sheave and diameter of rope.  Tackles: Names of parts of a tackle, using a tackle to advantages or disadvantage. Mechanical advantage, velocity ratio or 'power gained', efficiency of a tackle; relationship between pull on the hauling part and load. Types of tackles/purchases used on ships.  Shackles: Various types. Markings on shackles.  MARINE COMMUNICATION Meaning of bunting, halyard, at the dip, close up, half mast, hoist,	15 Hours	-
UNIT	fly, tackline.  Cargo hooks: Various types. Markings on cargo hooks.  Ropes: Care of ropes and wires used for cargo gear.  Derrick rigs: The union purchase. Setting up of a union purchase. Importance of preventer guys. Maximum load to be used for angle between runners. Swinging derrick with powered guys. Putting winches in double gear. The Yo-Yo gear. Working of ships cranes. Hoisting, lowering and securing a derrick.  MARINE COMMUNICATION  Courtesy flag, ship's numbers, jack flag, quarantine flag, pilot flag, blue peter.	15 Hours	
UNIT III	Stresses: Calculating the stresses in various parts of a derrick rig. Calculating the tension on ropes and wires of a purchase and finding the correct size to be used.  MARINE COMMUNICATION Location on a ship of jack staff. Ensign staff, Gaff, Triatic stay, foremast yardarm, main mast head.	15 Hours	
	<ul> <li>PRACTICALS</li> <li>1) To send and receive signals visually by Morse code</li> <li>2) Recognition of national flags of all countries, Recognition of house flags and funnels of Indian Shipping Companies</li> <li>3) Recognition of flags denoting numbers and flags used as substitutes</li> </ul>		15 Hours

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 60 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India

# **Reference Books:-**

1. Theory and Practice of seamanship

Danton G.

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

- 2. Seamanship Notes
- 3. Nicholls Seamanship
- 4. Cargo work
- 5. Seamanship Primer
- 6. Cargo work
- 7. International Code of Signals
- 8. Stowage of Cargo

Kemp & Young

Brown Son & Ferguson Ltd

Kemp & Young

Capt. J.M.N. Dinger

Capt. Errol Fernandes

**HMSO** 

Capt. O.O. Thomas

# **NAVAL ARCHITECTURE**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – I INTRODUCTION: Development of ocean-going Merchant Ships. Modern merchant ships. TYPES OF SHIPS: types of ships based on nature of cargo. Passenger Liners, Ferries. Specialized carriers for General Cargo, Bulk, Oil (Crude Oil and Products) OBO's, Container, RO-Ro, Lash, LPG, LNG, Cattle, Cars, etc. Special features of above types of ships. DEFINITIONS & MEANINGS: LOA, LBP, EB, MB, Depth, Draft, Freeboard, Camber, Sheer, Rake, Rise of floor, Tumble Home, etc. GENERAL LAYOUT OF SHIPS: - General Cargo Ship,Bulk Carrier, Oil Tanker and Container Ship. Simple sketches of the same.	14 hours	•
UNIT	PRINCIPAL PARTS OF A SHIP: Bow, Stern, Shell plating, Double Bottom Tanks, Cargo Holds, Tween Deck, Deep Tanks, Fore-peak and After Peak store rooms and tanks, Plates Keels and Duct Keels. Forecastle deck, Quarter Deck, Main/Weather decks, Hatch covers, Cargo Gear, anchoring and mooring equipments, etc. MACHINERY SPACES: Engine Room: Engine Casing, subdivisions of Engine Room. Steering Dear, Pump rooms, Mast houses, Workshops, etc. SUPERSTRUCTURE: Wheel House, accommodation spaces, cabins, galley, pantry, dining saloons, recreation rooms, various stores and lockers, cold storage spaces, etc.	17 hours	-
UNIT	SHIP STABILITY: Laws of floating. Buoyancy, Reserve buoyancy, Displacement, Deadweight. Change of draft due to change of density. TPC. FWA. DWA. The centre of gravity of a ship and factors affecting the same. The centre of buoyancy and factors affecting the same. Calculations involving KG and KB of a ship. The meaning of the terms Block co-efficient, Water-plane coefficient, Mid-ship Coefficient, Prismatic Coefficient and relationship between them.	14 hours	-

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 60 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India Reference Books:-

1. Ship Construction notes Kemp & Young

2. Ship Construction for Engineers Reid3. Ship construction Pursey

4. Ship Stability I & II Capt. Subramaniam H.

5. Problems on M. V. Hindship Capt. Joseph & Capt. Rewari

# **Objective:-**

This subject exposes the students to Environment Science - I, Marine Engineering & Control System- I

# Contents of syllabus for USNSC 104 Environmental Science – I

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	CEMESTED I	14	-
I	SEMESTER – I	Hours	
	PHYSICAL METEOROLOGY  1. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE:		
	Composition hydrostatic equation, equation of state for dry air and		
	moist air. Density variation. Vertical layers of the atmosphere, Ozone		
	depletion, air pollution. 2. ENERGY BUDGET: Radiation laws: Emission, Reflection,		
	absorptionand scattering. Solar and terrestrial radiation, Greenhouse		
	effect and global warming, Heat exchange processes. Radiation		
	budget of the earth/atmospheric system. Environmental lapse rate and		
	inversion. Diurnal, seasonal and geographical variation of		
	temperature.		
INIT	1) WATER VAPOUR IN THE ATMOSPHERE: Changes of state,	14	-
II	specific, absolute and relative humility, dew points temperature,	Hours	
	humidity mixing ratio. Unsaturated and saturated states, super-cooling,		
	frost point.		
	Diurnal and seasonal variation of water vapour.  2) ADIABATIC PROCESSES: Dry and saturated adiabatic lapse rates,		
	Potential temperature. The tephigram and its uses. Stability analysis.		
	3) CONDENSATION AND PRECIPITATION PHENOMENA:		
	Condensation and freezing nuclei, condensation forms: Dew, frost,		
	mist, fog, haze and clouds. Visibility. Development and classification		
	of clouds.		
	4) PRECIPITATION: Processes, forms and types. Principles and		
NIT	methods of surface meteorological observations.	17	
III	OCEANOGRAPHY 1. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF SEA WATER:	Hours	
	Temperature, Salinity, density and pressure – their relationship	Hours	
	and measurement. Optical properties, sound and light in the sea,		
	colour of the sea water. Salinity and density distribution in surface		
	layers of the ocean. Controlling processes. The energy budget,		
	heat balance of the oceans and spatial variation of temperature and		
	evaporation.		
	2. OCEANIC CIRCULATION SYSTEM: Causes and the spatial		
	distribution of surface circulation. Seasonal changes. Sub-surface		
	circulation formation, source region and movement of water masses.		
	3. OCEANIC WAVES AND TIDES: Types of waves, wave		
	energy, behaviour of waves in deep and shallow waters. Tide-		
	producing forces. Types of tides. Tide prediction and analysis, tidal		
	streams, co-tidalcharts. Storm surges and tsunamis.		

PRACTICALS	-	15
1. METEOROLOGY: The principles, construction and uses of		Hours
various		
meteorological instruments, maximum and minimum		
thermometers,		
psychrometer/hygrometer, anemometer, wind vane. Barometers		
(aneroid		
and mercury) and barograph.		
2. OCEANOGRAPHY: Use of main instruments and observational		
methods in the sea environment: Sensors for temperature, salinity,		
depth, velocity etc.		
depth, velocity etc.	! !	ı

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

# NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 50 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India

### **Reference Books:-**

**METEOROLOGY** 

Marine Meteorology Capt. H. Subramaniam Vijaya Publications

Atmosphere, Weather Barry R. G. & Chorley R. J. Metheun – London

Introduction to Theoretical Meteorology1 Hess

Meteorology for Mariners HMSO, London HMSO

Marine Observer's HMSO, London Newyork / London

Handbook Elementary Meteorology HMSO, London HMSO

An Introduction to Meteorology James, R. Holton Academic Press

Introduction to Meteorology Petterson B.

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# MARINE ENGINEERING & CONTROL SYSTEM- I

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER - I	15	
I	<ol> <li>Strength of materials – Elasticity, Hook's Law – Stress and Strain Tensile, Compressive and Shear forces. Failure of materials under tension, compression, shear and fatigue. Examples related to Marine Engineering.</li> <li>Cantilever and simply supported Beams, Shear force and Bending Moments, calculation of stresses and B.M. Diagrams for above and other systems of the ship. Mechanical properties of common engineering materials – hardness, ductility, malleability, melting point etc.</li> </ol>	Hours	
UNIT	1) Fluid Mechanics – Flow of liquids and gases, Laminar and Turbulent flow, Resistance to flow. Viscosity – definition and meaning. Bernoulli's Theory – Simple treatment Loss of energy of fluid due to bends, friction, valves etc. Simple hydraulic equipments. Thermodynamics – Properties of steam; Boiling point and effect of pressure on it; Saturated, dry and superheated steam; Dryness fraction. Meaning of Sensible Heat and Latent Heat.	15 Hours	
UNIT III	Electrostatics, Electro-magnetism and Electricity. Electric current, Voltage, EMF, Ohm's Law, Direct Current (DC) and Alternating Current (AC). Simple electrical circuits, Kirschoff's laws, simple calculations, Wheatstone bridge	15 Hours	
	PRACTICALS  Brief description of drawing papers, pencils, Instruments and their use. Types of lines and dimensioning. Loci of points, orthographic projection of points, Straight lines, Planes, Solid. Isometric Projection. Concept of Form and shape, Plan, Elevation and End views of objects.		15 Hours

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 50 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India

# **Reference Books:-**

	2010110 200120		
1.	Basic Marine Engineering		J.K. Dhar
2.	Engineering Drawing	Bhat	
3.	Engineering knowledge for Deck Officers		Reed
4.	General Engineering knowledge Vol. 8		Reed
5.	Mechanical Engineering Science		Hannah & Hiller
M	arine Auxiliary Machinery		Souchette & Smith

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# **Objective:-**

This subject exposes the students to English & Communication skills , Applied Mathematics & Nautical Physics

# Contents of syllabus for USNSc 201

#### **ENGLISH**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – II	14	-
I	Comprehension (15) (20 Marks)	Hours	
	a) Seen and unseen comprehension.		
	b) Technical writing definition and characteristics		
UNIT	Writing Skills.	25	
II	a) Maritime correspondence.	Hours	
	b) Report writing		
	c) Welcome address		
	d) Vote of thanks		
	e) Essay writing		
UNIT	a) Importance of SMCP and English language among	6 Hours	
III	multilingual crew.		
	b) Inquiry on completion of routine operations.		
	c) Sea speak – Internal and external communication on board.		
	d) Facing an interview		
	e) e) Presentation skills - individual activities		
	PRACTICAL		15
	All topics covered in unit III		Hours

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 40 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India

#### **Reference Books:-**

Communication skills (Book 1)

Communication skills workbook

Spoken English for India

S.R. Inthira & V. Saraswati
Spoken English for India

R.K. Bansal & B. Harrison

### BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE

English language Books 1 and 2 L.A. Hill, C.J. Daswani & C.T. Daswani (Oxford University Press 1975)

Written communication

Note marking and composition exercises 1979 Business correspondence and report writing

Academic skills Academic

Skills workbook

Supplementary Reader Sea

Speak manual

Freeman and Sarah ELT Cell, Bombay University

R.C. Sharma and Krishnamohan

CIEFL, Hyderabad CIEFL, Hyderabad CIEFL, Hyderabad

International Maritime Organisation.

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# **APPLIED MATHS**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER - II	30	
I	1. Integral Calculus & Beta & Gama Functions	Hours	
	Rectification of plane curves. Double & Triple integrals,		
	their geometrical interpretation and evaluation. Evaluation		
	of double integrals by change of order and change to polar		
	form. Applications of double & triple integrals to areas and		
	volumes, Centre of Mass, Moment of Inertia, Applications		
	of integration to the evaluation of first and second moments of areas and volumes.		
	a) Beta & Gama functions & their properties, relations		
	between Beta & Gama functions.		
	b) Error functions		
	c) Differentiation under integral sign.		
UNIT	2. Infinite Series and Fourier Series	30	
II	Convergence of infinite series, uniform convergence, properties of uniformly convergent series, power series and	Hours	
	their properties, expansion of a function as power series,		
	Exponential and logarithmic series, definition of Trigonometric		
	and Fourier series, Fourier coefficients,		
	Dirichlet's conditions, statement of Dirichlet's theorem,		
	expansion of functions in Fourier series, Even and Odd functions, half range Four series, Complex form of Fourier		
	series, Differentiation and Integration of Fourier Series,		
	Fourier series with respect to a set of orthogonal functions over		
	(a,b). [Fourier series over (- $\pi$ , $\pi$ ),(0,2 $\pi$ ) and for arbitrary		
	range (a, a+2L) must be treated.		
	3. Spherical trigonometry & Simpson's Rules	30	
III	Properties of a spherical triangle and oblique spherical triangle.	Hours	
	Cosine formula, Haversine formula, Sine formula and four part		
	formula and their application to Navigations problems. Polar		
	triangle and application of their properties. Right angle and		
	quadrantal triangle. Napier's Rules and their application to Navigational problems. Area of spherical triangles.		
	Inequalities, Derivation of formula by supplemental theorem,		
	'Half angle' formula, 'Half side' formula, Identities.		
	Delambre's Analogies Napier's Analogies, Legendre's		
	theorem.		
	Derivation of Simpson's first, second and five-eight rules and		
	their use in the computation of areas volumes and centroids.		

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, periodic assignments / project works / tests.

NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 40 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India Reference Books:-

# BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE

1. Higher Mathematics for Engineers

and Physicists Sokolnikoff. I.S & Sokolnikoff. E.S.

2. Advanced Calculus Wilfred Kaplan

3. Spherical Trigonometry
4. An introduction to spherical Trigonometry
Capt. H. Subramanian
Clough – Smith. J.H.

5. Ship Stability for Master and Mates
 6. Higher Engineering Mathematics
 7. integral Calculus
 Derret. D.R.
 Grewal. B.S
 Shanti Narayan

8. Text Book of Applied Mathematics Wartikar. P.N. & Wartikar. J.N.

# **NAUTICAL PHYSICS**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – II	17	
I	ELECTRICITY	Hours	
	AC and DC voltages, dangerous levels, precautions.		
	Static electricity and its hazards. Work, energy, power in a		
	circuit.		
	Magnetic Effect: Magnetic field due to a stationary coil,		
	Electromagnet, Circular lifting magnet.		
	Review of electro – magnetic induction. Faraday – Lenz's		
	Law, transformer.		
	The AC generator,		
UNIT	ELECTRONICS	18	
II	Semiconductors of p and n type, p-n junction diodes-their	Hours	
	characteristics, half-wave, full wave & bridge rectifiers,		
	voltage regulation. Ripple, Capacitor filter, Zener Diode, its		
	uses as a voltage regulator.		
	Thermistors: - Use in temperature control.		
	Transistors: - pnp, npn, 3 modes of operation, current gains		
	α and β. Photoelectric effect, opto-electronic devises –		
	LDR, LED.		
**********	7 – Segment displays, photo diode, photo transistor.		
UNIT	MAGNETISM & MODERN PHYSICS	25	
III	Earth as a magnet, magnetic elements and their variation.	Hours	
	Magnetism of the ship and its components. Effect of motion of		
	the ship and latitude on the compass.		
	Radioactivity, emissions from natural radioactive nuclei,		
	radioactive series. Detection of radiation, GM counter,		
	radiation units. Radiation damage, Nuclear fission and fusion,		
	Nuclear Reactors.		

EXPERIMENTS	30
Series L-R and C-R AC circuits, Determination of impedance,	Hours
L & C.	
Magnetic elements of the earth, use of a Dip circle.	
Use of multimeter (analog and digital) to determine resistance.	
Comparison with color code value.	
Use of multimeter (analog and digital) for testing of diodes	
and transistors.	
Forward and Reverse characteristics of Rectifier Diode and a	
Zener Diode.	
CE characteristics of an npn transistor, Determination of $\alpha$ and	
β.	
Half wave Rectifier – Voltage regulation and ripple. Effect of	
a capacitor filter.	
Bridge rectifier – Voltage regulation and ripple. Effect of a	
capacitor filter.	
Study of an IC voltage Regulation, Voltage regulation and	
ripple.	
LED and LDR characteristics.	
Use of Digital multimeter and DPMs is preferred for	
measurement of voltage and current.	
Ripple to be obtained on CRO.	
<b>NOTE:</b> A minimum of 8 experiments are expected to be	
performed.	

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

# NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 40 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India. Reference Books:-

Electronic Principles Malvino Tata McGraw Hill. Electronic Devices and Circuits Boylestead & Nashelsky Prentice Hall India.

### ADDITIONAL REFERENCES

Physics-Classical & Modern Gettys, Keller, Skove McGraw-Hill International

Edn

University Physics Young, Sears & Zemansky Narosa Publishing

Electricity & Magnetism Brijlal & Subramaniam Ratan Prakashan Mandir

Physics Part II Halliday & Resnick

Modern Physics B.L. Thareja

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

Basic Electronics B.L. Thareja

# BOOKS FOR PRACTICALS FOR PAPER I & II

Advanced level Practical Physics M. Nelkon & J.M. Ogborn ELBS

Electronics – A Test Lab Manual Zabar Tata McGraw Hill

# **Objectives:-**

The subject will develop basics of Principles of Navigation / Practical Navigation and Voyage Planning & Collision Prevention .

# Contents of syllabus for USNSC 202

# **NAVIGATION I**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – II	07	
I	1.	Hours	
	a) Mercator sailing. Relationship between Course, D'long and		
	DMP.		
	b) Principle of Gnomonic projection. Gnomonic chart.		
UNIT	2.	25	
II	a) Dead Reckoning position (DR), Estimated position (EP) &	Hours	
	Observed position (Fix). Set and drift of current. Leeway.		
	b) Spherical triangle. Great circle sailing: initial course, final		
	course, distance and vertex.		
UNIT	3.	13	
III	a) Solar System: Rotation and Revolution. Equinoxes and	Hours	
	solstices. Cause of seasons and unequal length of day and		
	night.		
	b) The principle of the Sextant and the Azimuth Mirror.		
	PRACTICAL NAVIGATION		15
	The chronometer. Checking chronometer error by radio signals.		Hours
	Finding U.T and correct date.		
	The micrometer Sextant. Arc of excess. Error of		
	perpendicularity. Side error. Index error on the arc and off the		
	arc. Collimation error.		
	Taking vertical and horizontal angles. Position fixing by		
	bearing and vertical sextant angle of a lighthouse. Position		
	fixing by horizontal angles between three or more points.		
	Recognition of important stars with reference to stellar		
	constellations.		
	The use of Azimuth mirror and Pelorus. Procedure for checking		
	accuracy of azimuth mirrors.		
	The use and care of magnetic compasses. Precautions to be		
	observed while taking compass bearings. Practical limitations of		
	the magnetic compasses		

\*There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

\*Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage/grade: 70 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India Reference Books:-

Practical Navigation
 Principles of Navigation
 Capt. H. Subramaniam
 Capt. P.M. Sarma

3. Principles of Navigation Capt. T.K Joseph and Capt. S.S.S. Rewari

4. Admiralty Manual of Navigation Vol. I & II HMSO5. Navigation A. Frost

6. Nicholl's Concise Guide Volumes I & II Brown Son & Ferguson Ltd.

# **VOYAGE PLANNING & COLLISION PREVENTION I**

		Theory(VP)	Practical(CP)
UNIT	SEMESTER – II	10	05 Hours
I	VOYAGE PLANNING	Hours	
	Meaning of Chart Datum. Reference point used for heights.		
	Nature of bottom. Depth Contours. Information regarding		
	lights. Height, colour and characteristics of lights. Use of		
	leading lights for safe navigation in harbour. Horizontal sectors		
	of lights and their use by navigators in keeping clear of		
	submerged dangers to navigation. Use of sectors in laying		
	courses. Use of clearing marks and horizontal and vertical		
	danger angles. Sailing round an arc.		
	COLLISION PREVENTION		
	Conduct of vessel in sight of one another, Responsibilities to		
	keep out of way when two sailing vessels are on collision		
	course. Responsibility to keep out of way when one vessel is		
	overtaking another vessel of any type. Action to be taken by a		
	vessel when meeting another vessel head on. Responsibility to		
	keep out of way when two vessels are crossing each other.		
UNIT	VOYAGE PLANNING	10	05 Hours
II	True, Magnetic and Compass North. Variation. Annual rate of	Hours	
	change of variation. How to obtain variation from date given		
	on the compass Rose. Derivation of the compass. The		
	Deviation		
	Card. True, magnetic and Compass course. Conversion of one		
	to another. the compass error for the ship's head. True,		
	magnetic and Compass bearings. Conversion of one to another.		

UNIT	Gyro Error, High and Low, Conversion of Gyro courses to True course and vice versa.  COLLISION PREVENTION  Action to avoid collision. Duty of the vessel which has the right of way. Action to be taken by such vessel required to keep out of way is not taking avoiding action. Right of way between a normal power driven vessel, a vessel not under command, a vessel restricted in her ability to manoeuvre, a vessel engaged in fishing, a sailing vessel and a vessel constrained by her draft.  VOYAGE PLANNING  The effect of current on course made good. Set and drift. The effect of wind on course made good. Leeway. The dead Reckoning Position, Estimated Position and Observed Position.  COLLISION PREVENTION  Conduct of vessel in restricted visibility, Applicability.  Determination of risk of collision when another vessel is detected by radar alone. Actions to be taken / avoided to prevent close quarter situation with a vessel detected on radar alone.  Action to be taken when fog signal of another vessel is heard but vessel is not seen though it may have been detected by radar	10 Hours	05	Hours
	PRACTICALS  1. a) To plot position lines obtained by Radio Aids to navigation. b) To plot a position line obtained by an astronomical observation c) To find compass course between two positions on the chart 2. a) To find compass course to seer between two positions on the chart so as to counteract the given set and drift of current and given leeway b) To find the course and distance made good, given course steered, set and drift of current and leeway. 3. a) To find the course and speed made good and the set and drift, given the course steered, speed, duration and the initial and final observed positions. b) To find the course from a given position so as to pass a lighthouse at a given position so as to pass a lighthouse at a given distance when abeam		15	Hours

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

#### \*Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 70 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India

### **Reference Books:-**

#### BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR REFERENCE:-

1. Chartwork Capt. S.S. Chaudhari 2. Chartwork for Mariners Capt. Puri, S.K.

3. Voyage Planning & Chartwork Capt. M.V.Naik & Capt. Varty

4. Nicholls Concise Guide Volume I Brown Son & Ferguson

5. Marine Chartwork Moore, D.A.

6. Rules for the Prevention of Collision at Sea Bhandarkar Publications

7. Rule of the Road Manual Capt. Puri, S.K 8. International Lights shapes and Sound Signals Moore D.A.

# **Objective:-**

This subject exposes the students to Ship Operation Technology Paper- I , Cargo Work & Communication & Naval Architecture

# Contents of syllabus for USNSC 203 Ship Operation Technology Paper- I

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – II  Fire fighting appliances:-  Fire hydrants and hoses. Types of connections. International shore connection. Types of nozzles. Description of portable fire extinguisher, various types and their suitability for different types of fires. Operation and refilling of the extinguishers principle of fire extinguishing used in each type. Safety devices: fireman's outfit, Smoke helmet and self-contained breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Safety lamps and their arrangement for prevention of sparks. Fire axe. Asbestos suit.  Fixed smothering system: brief description of steam smothering system, carbon dioxide smothering system, inert gas system, Flue gas system, Halon system, Foam smothering system for liquid fires, High expansion foam system. Safety, care and maintenance of all fire fighting appliances.	15 Hours	
UNIT II	ROPES AND WIRES:-  Types of material used, natural fibres, synthetic fires. Types of lay of ropes and their advantages. Plaited ropes.  Characteristics of different types of fibre ropes. Comparison of strength and elasticity of different ropes. Care and maintenance	15 Hours	

	of fibre ropes. Damage caused by surging. Meaning of marline,		
	spun yarn, oakum, tarred hemp, 3 ply and 5 ply twines,		
	halliards, loglines, lead lines.		
	Grades of steel used for making wire ropes. Construction of		
	wire ropes. Advantage of a fibre heart. Factors determining		
	flexibility. Meaning of 6/12, 6/24, 6/37, types of wire ropes		
	plaited wire rope. Plastic covered wire rope. Non-rotating wire		
	rope. Care and maintenance of wire ropes. Measuring sizes of		
	ropes, wire and chains. Breaking strength and safe working		
	load of ropes, wires and chains. To calculate the size of rope or		
TINITE	wire required for lifting a weight with a tackle  DECK APPLIANCES		
UNIT III	Description of the head-lead line. procedure for taking a cast.		
111			
	Different types of logs. Patent log, impeller log, electromagnetic log, pilot log. Principles of their operation.		
	The electric telegraph, description and its operation.		
	Windlass & cargo winches – description and their operation.		
	Telemotor steering gear. The hydraulic transmitter, telemotor	15	
	receiver, transmission of steering wheel signals to steering	Hours	
	engine.	110410	
	Pressure equalising system. Fluid used. Cross head and		
	floating link connection. Principle of 'Hunting Gear' Electric		
	steering gear. The Wheatstone principle of transmission of		
	steering wheel signals to steering engine. Inter-switching of		
	follow-up and non follow-up steering systems.		
	PRACTICALS		
	1. Cleaning and polishing of brass and copper.		
	Swinging out and lowering a lifeboat from luffing and gravity		
	davits. Use of Tricing pendants. Handling of life boat under		
	oars – coming alongside, getting away and picking up a man		
	overboard.		
	Handling of lifeboat under sail: types and parts of sails. Setting		
	sail. Sailing a lifeboat.		
	Handling of boats in rough weather: heaving to. use of sea		
	anchor and steering oar. Rescuing a man overboard.		
	Starting the engine of a motor lifeboat. Man overboard drill.		4=
	Turning short around, towing other crafts.		15
	2. Hoisting a lifeboat on davits. Checking the working of cut-off switches.		Hours
	Launching of liferafts. Inflating liferafts. Method of righting a		
	liferaft which has inflated upside down, boarding a liferaft		
	jumping into the water. Getting away from ship. Artificial		
	respiration.		
	Use of lifeboat WT: installation of aerial. Tuning the		
	transmitter. Transmitting automatic distress signal.		
	Transmitting manually. Receiving. Listening times for distress		
	calls.		
	Donning a smoke helmet and self contained breathing		
	apparatus.		

3. Boat and fire drill. Sounding emergency signal. Action on	
hearing the emergency signal.	
Coiling ropes. Cutting wire ropes. Opening a new coil.	
Charging of various type of fire extinguishers.	
To make and understand the uses of the knots used on board	
ships for various purposes.	

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 60 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India Reference Books:-

1.	Life Boat and Life Raft	Capt. Puri S.K
2.	Survival at sea	Wright C.H
3.	Theory and Practice of seamanship	Danton G.
4.	Seamanship Notes	Kemp & Young
5.	Nicholls Seamanship	Brown Son & Ferguson Ltd
6.	Life Saving Appliances Rules	Govt. of India
7.	Fire Fighting Appliances Rules	Govt. of India

# **CARGO WORK & COMMUNICATION**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – II CARGO WORK Slings: Types of slings used for lifting cargo of different types. Accident prevention when working cargo. Overhauling blocks: Care and maintenance. Reeving a threefold purchase. Hatch-Covers: Types of hatches. Opening and closing of Mcgregor and Hydraulic hatch covers. Closing arrangements. Battening down a hatch.  MARINE COMMUNICATION	·	
UNIT	What flags are hoisted from these parts of ship and when.  TRANSPORTATION OF GOODS BY SEA: - Categories of cargo, bulk solid, bulk liquid, chemical in bulk, gas, dangerous goods, general cargo. Methods of carrying cargoes, tanks, containers, holds, portable tanks aboard ship, ro-ro, refrigerated containers and holds.  Loading/discharging/lashing of Heavy Lifts and deck cargoes. Stowage Plan Cargo hold preparation and inspection prior loading.  MARINE COMMUNICATION Types of ensigns.	16 Hours	

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

UNIT	CARGO CARE: - Importance of cargo care to economical operation of ship. Care of cargo on board ship. Securing cargo by using Bull-dog grips and bottle screws. Securing by chains and tensioners. Container lashing and securing. Fire prevention, interaction, temperature variations leading to sweat Damage (cargo sweat & ship sweat), sea water damage, ventilation to avoid hazardous gas accumulations, dunnage, separations, bulkheads, shifting boards.  MARINE COMMUNICATION Penalty for not using or wrongly using an ensign.	15 Hours	
	PRACTICALS  How to bend on or unbend a flag from halyard. Breaking a flag at close up Flag hoisting practice at colours and sunset Morse signalling with Aldis lamp on mains and battery Morse signalling with Daylight signalling Apparatus		15 Hours

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.
\*Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

# NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 60 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India

## **Reference Books:-**

8. Stowage of Cargo

Theory and Practice of seamanship
 Seamanship Notes
 Nicholls Seamanship
 Cargo work
 Seamanship Primer
 Cargo work
 Cargo work
 Capt. J.M.N. Dinger
 Capt. Errol Fernandes
 International Code of Signals

Capt. O.O. Thomas

## **Naval Architecture**

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – II	14	
I	PRINCIPLES OF DESIGN: Common principles governing	Hours	
	design and construction of various types of steel ships with		
	respect to: Longitudinal, transverse and vertical strength.		
	Continuity of strength		
	Strength – under static and dynamic conditions. Stability		
	Water – tightness. Conformity with statutory requirements.		
UNIT	STEEL FOR SHIP CONSTRUCTIONS: Types of steel used in	14	
II	ship construction. Steel plates and their treatment. Rolled	Hours	
	sections – various shapes and standard sizes. Casting and		
	forging and their us in construction. Testing of materials		
	various tests at production and building stages.		
	RIVETING & WELDING: Riveting as a joining process.		
	Welding – its predominant use in ship construction. Advantages		
	of welding over riveting in ship construction. General ideas of		
	Electric welding equipment, coated electrodes, methods used,		
	etc. Gas welding, Gas cutting. Precautions while welding.		
UNIT	<b>SHIP STABILITY:</b> Use of displacement and TPC curves and	17	
III	scales to determine weight of cargo or ballast from draughts or	Hours	
	freeboards. Meta centric height, Righting lever, Righting		
	Moment. Stable, Unstable and Neutral equilibrium. Free		
	Surface		
	Effect. Stiff and Tender ships. Difference between heel and list.		
	Use of hydrostatic tables and curves as supplied to ships.		
	Calculations based in the foregoing topics.		

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

# NOTE : A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade : 60 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping , Govt Of India

### **Reference Books:-**

1. Ship Construction notes	Kemp & Young
2. Ship Construction for Engineers	Reid
3. Ship construction	Pursey
4. Ship Stability I & II	Capt. Subramaniam H.
5. Problems on M. V. Hindship	Capt. Joseph & Capt. Rewari

# **Objective:-**

This subject exposes the students to Environment Science – I, Marine Engineering & Control System- I

# Contents of syllabus for USNSC 204

# Environmental Studies – I

1110 11 V 11 CILL	nental Studies — I	Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER – I I	Theory	Fractical
I	1 (1). The Multidisciplinary Nature Of Environmental	16 Hours	
•	Studies:	110018	
	Definition, Scope, Importance, Need for public awareness		
	2 (2) NATURAL RESOURCES:		
	Renewable and non-renewable resources:		
	a) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation,		
	case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.		
	b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and		
	ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, damsbenefits and problems.		
	c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources. Case studies.		
	d) Food resources: World food problem, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity. Case studies.		
	e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.		
	<ul> <li>f) Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.</li> <li>Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.</li> </ul>		
	• Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.		
	3 (3). ECOSYSTEMS:		
	• Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.		
	• Structure and function of an ecosystem.		
	<ul> <li>Producers, consumers and decomposers.</li> </ul>		
	• Energy flow in the ecosystem.		
	<ul> <li>Ecological succession.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Food chains, food web and ecological pyramids.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystems:</li> </ul>		
	a. Forest ecosystem		
	b. Grassland ecosystem		<u> </u>

	c. Desert ecosystem Aquatic ecosystem (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)		
UNIT	2 (4). BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION:  • Introduction – Definition: Genetic. Species and ecosystem	16 Hours	
	<ul> <li>hitroduction – Definition: Genetic. Species and ecosystem diversity.</li> <li>Biogeographical classification of India.</li> <li>Value of biodiversity: Consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values.</li> <li>Biodiversity at global, national and local levels.</li> <li>India as a mega diversity nation.</li> <li>Hot-spots of biodiversity.</li> <li>Threats to biodiversity: Habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man wildlife Conflicts.</li> <li>Endangered and endemic species of India.</li> <li>Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.</li> <li>2 (5): ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION Definition</li> <li>Causes, effects and control measures of: <ul> <li>a. Air pollution</li> <li>b. Water pollution</li> <li>c. Soil pollution</li> <li>d. Marine pollution</li> <li>e. Noise pollution</li> <li>g. Nuclear hazards</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solid waste management: Causes, effects and control measures</li> </ul>	Hours	
	<ul><li>of urban and industrial waste.</li><li>Role of an individual in prevention of pollution.</li></ul>		
	<ul> <li>Pollution case studies.</li> <li>Disaster management: Floods, earthquakes, cyclone and landslides.</li> </ul>		
UNIT	<ul> <li>1 (6). SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT:</li> <li>From Unsustainable to Sustainable development.</li> <li>Urban problems related to energy.</li> <li>Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management.</li> </ul>	13 Hours	
	<ul> <li>Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies.</li> <li>Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies.</li> <li>Wasteland reclamation.</li> <li>Consumerism and waste products.</li> <li>Environment Protection Act.</li> </ul>		

<ul> <li>Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.</li> <li>Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.</li> <li>Wildlife Protection Act.</li> <li>Forest Conservation Act.</li> <li>Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation.</li> <li>Public Awareness.</li> <li>2 (7). HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT: <ul> <li>Population growth, variation among nations.</li> <li>Population explosion – Family Welfare Programme.</li> <li>Environment and human health.</li> <li>Human Rights.</li> <li>Value Education.</li> <li>HIV / AIDS.</li> <li>Women and Child Welfare.</li> <li>Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human health.</li> <li>Case Studies.</li> </ul> </li> <li>PRACTICALS <ul> <li>Visit to a local area to document environmental assets – River / Forest / Grassland / Hill / Mountain.</li> <li>Visit to local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
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/ Forest / Grassland / Hill / Mountain.  • Visit to local polluted site — Urban / Rural / Industrial /			-
• Visit to local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial /		Ho	ours
Agricultural.			
• Study of common plants, insects, birds.			
• Study of common plants, insects, olds. • Study of simple ecosystems – Pond / River / Hill slopes, etc.			

<sup>\*</sup>There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc.

# NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 50 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India

### **Reference Books:-**

T.	ATC:	CC/	'n	<b>O</b> .	$\Gamma \cap$	GY
IV	11 17.	LPA	JΚ	( )		U T Y

Marine Meteorology Capt. H. Subramaniam Vijaya Publications

Atmosphere, Weather Barry R. G. & Chorley R. J. Metheun – London

Introduction to Theoretical Meteorology1 Hess

Meteorology for Mariners HMSO, London HMSO

Marine Observer's HMSO, London Newyork / London

Handbook Elementary Meteorology HMSO, London HMSO

An Introduction to Meteorology James, R. Holton Academic Press

Introduction to Meteorology Petterson B.

<sup>\*</sup>Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

## MARINE ENGINEERING & CONTROL SYSTEM- I

		Theory	Practical
UNIT	SEMESTER - II	14	
I	SECTION - A		
	1. General introduction and scope. Classification of ships as per		
	propulsion plants. general layout of ship's Engine Rooms and		
	machinery.		
UNIT	SECTION-B	19	
II	Main Engine Plants and supporting systems.	Hours	
	Introduction about ship's Auxiliary Systems. Electrical Power		
	Generation Plants – Its supporting systems		
UNIT	SECTION-C	12	
III	Bilge, ballast, fire, cargo & other pipelines of different type of	Hours	
	ships.		
	PRACTICALS		15
	Contours, change of sections, hidden (Internal) construction,		Hours
	dotted lines, etc. discussion on ship's plans. Isometric views,		
	cut/cross sections. Simple assembly drawings. Engineering		
	drawing by free hand sketching.		
	NOTE: Sufficient time should be allotted for drawing-practice.		

There will be continuous assessment of skills being acquired through class work, practical and periodic assignments / project works / tests/ orals etc. \*Journal to be submitted at the end of each term for assessment

NOTE: A candidate has to secure minimum percentage /grade: 50 % as per Training Circular No 4 of 2005 by DG Shipping, Govt Of India

### **Reference Books:-**

1.	Basic Marine Engineering	J.K. Dhar
2.	Engineering Drawing	Bhat
3.	Engineering knowledge for Deck Officers	Reed
4.	General Engineering knowledge Vol. 8	Reed
5.	Mechanical Engineering Science	Hannah & Hiller
6.	Marine Auxiliary Machinery	Souchette & Smith

### **Scheme of Examination:**

The performance of the learners shall be evaluated into two parts. The learner's performance shall be assessed by Internal Assessment with 25% marks in the first part & by conducting the Semester End Examinations with 75% marks in the second part.

The Course having Practical training will have Practical Examination for 50 marks at the end of Semester, out of which 30 marks for the Practical task assigned at the time of examination. The 20 marks are allotted as Internal Assessment.

The allocation of marks for the Internal Assessment and Semester End Examinations are as shown below:-

**Internal Assessment**: It is defined as the assessment of the learners on the basis of continuous evaluation as envisaged in the Credit based system by way of participation of learners in various academic and correlated activities in the given semester of the programme.

Semester End Assessment: It is defined as the assessment of the learners on the basis of Performance in the semester end Theory/ written/ Practical examination.

# **Modality of Assessment:**

**Internal Assessment - 25%** 

25 marks.

25 marks a) Theory

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	One class Test (multiple choice questions objective)	20
2	Active participation in routine class instructional deliveries. Overall conduct as a responsible student, manners, skill in articulation, leadership qualities demonstrated through organizing co-curricular activities, etc.	05

# B) External examination - 75 %

# **Semester End Theory Assessment - 75%**

75 marks

- Duration These examinations shall be of 2.5 hours duration. i.
- Theory question paper pattern:ii.
- 1. There shall be four questions.
- On each unit there will be one question & fourth one will be based on entire syllabus.
- Question number 1, 2 & 3 will be 20 marks(40 marks with internal option) each and question number 4 will be 15 marks 3. (30 marks with internal option).
  All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- 4.
- Questions may be sub divided into sub questions a, b, c, d & e only & the allocation of 5. marks depends on the weight age of the topic.

#### **Practical External Assessment** 50 marks